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# How maker spaces boost the innovative capability of established companies

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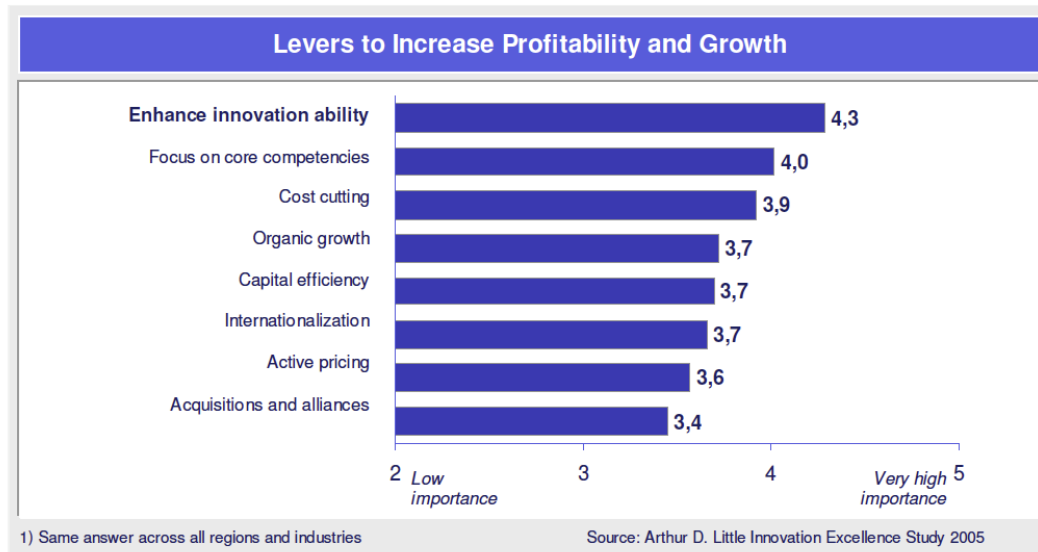
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# Studies show critical importance of innovative capability for a company's competitiveness

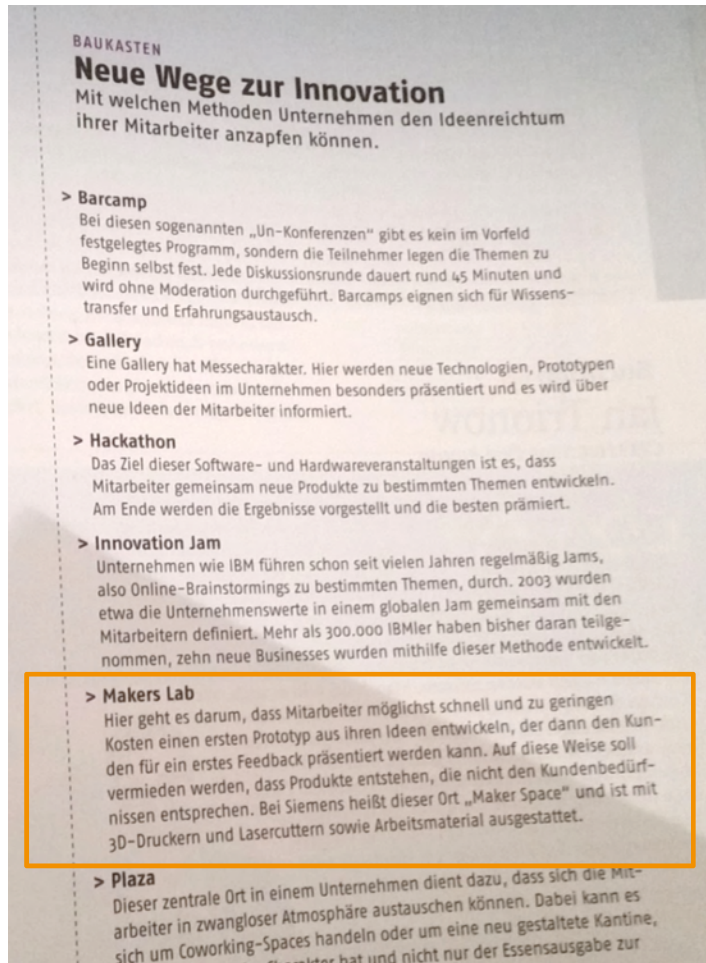
Companies believe that enhancing innovative ability is today the most important lever to increase profitability and growth<sup>1</sup>



- “Die **Fähigkeit kontinuierlich Innovationen hervorzubringen** avanciert in der komplexen und dynamischen Wirtschafts- und Arbeitswelt von heute zum **entscheidenden Schlüsselfaktor** – die Frage der **Wettbewerbsfähigkeit** wird zur Frage der **Innovationsfähigkeit.**”<sup>1</sup>
- “Unternehmen sind heute einem **ständig steigenden Innovationsdruck** ausgesetzt. Die **Innovationskraft** einer Unternehmung wird daher immer mehr zum **wichtigsten strategischen Erfolgsfaktor.**”<sup>2</sup>
- “Most companies face significant challenges in terms of innovation. The ability **to be continuously innovative is critical** for most companies today, **regardless of their industry.**”<sup>3</sup>
- “**Innovative capability is becoming the critical success factor for the long-term survival of companies and economies.**”<sup>4</sup>

1 Trantow et. al. (2011); 2 Pircher (2014); 3 Steiber (2014); 4 Bullinger (2006)

# Maker spaces as a new way to foster the innovative capability of companies



Trend (2016)

## MACH MAL!

**Löten, Kleben, Feilen: Firmen wie Bosch oder Siemens wollen kreative Ideen. Darum schicken sie ihre Ingenieure wieder in die Werkstatt – zum Basteln**

www.zeit.de (2016)

- „ ... *the next great hardware products won't be born within the walls of large, traditional corporations, but in garages, makerspaces, and hardware incubators.*“<sup>1</sup>
- *“Makerspaces werden in Zukunft **signifikanten Einfluss auf das Innovationsverhalten** von Unternehmen haben – Stichwort Open Innovation”*<sup>2</sup>
- *“This is **where innovation is occurring** and Intel has a great interest in helping spur innovation.”*<sup>3</sup>

1 Geyer (2015), 2 Interview Infineon (2015), 3 Intel's CEO Brian Krzanich (2014)

# Emergence of many maker spaces worldwide

## Hackerspace - 1996

- **c-base space station** (Germany)
- Community-operated workspace, where people with **focus on computers**, technology and science work together on projects



## FabLab - 2002

- Founder: **Neil Gershenfeld** (MIT, Boston)
- A FabLab is a technical prototyping platform with **digital fabrication tools** for innovation and invention, for learning and local entrepreneurship, **open access**



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[www.fabfoundation.org/about-us](http://www.fabfoundation.org/about-us)

## TechShop - 2006

- Founders: **Mark Hatch, Jim Newton**
- America's first nationwide open-access public workshop; **for-profit organization**



„**Maker space**” is used as a sort of **generic term** for Hackerspaces, FabLabs or TechShops for the sake of clarity.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Smith et. al (2013)

To bolster their ability to innovate fast and try out new ideas, large organizations are increasingly using maker spaces

### Renault (2011) - Creative People Lab

- Changes the **company culture**
- Different way of working: **more agility, more fun, more try & learn attitude!**
- **Innovative dynamics** between people
- Way to be a **learning company**



### Airbus (2013) - Protospace

- Employees can **build prototypes** and **develop new product ideas**
- **4 locations** (Hamburg, Toulouse, Filton und Madrid)
- **Reduction of development times**
- **Higher quality of solutions**



### BMW (2015) – MakerSpace

- UnternehmerTUM: Center for **Innovation and Business Creation**
- High-tech workshop **open to the public to strengthening Munich's position** as a high-tech center
- BMW employees use the Maker Space for **prototyping**



## Press release by Ford Motor Company



Jun 1, 2013 | Dearborn, Mich.

### TechShop and Ford Celebrate One Year of Innovation in Metro Detroit; Benefits Emerge from Entrepreneurial Spirit

- TechShop Detroit – a do-it-yourself workshop and fabrication studio where prospective inventors, makers and hackers can rent space to have access to high-tech equipment – celebrates its first anniversary with [an event June 1](#)
- In the past year, Ford's Employee Patent Incentive Program, in conjunction with TechShop, has in part led to 50 percent more patentable ideas by Ford employees
- TechShop offers members a chance to tinker and test out new, innovative ideas with equipment on site to better enable invention

**“ 50% more patentable ideas ”**

**FORD: Employee Patent Incentive Program** could increase the patent applications by 50 percent of their employees within one year

- Ford employees who invent something receive a **free three-month membership** to TechShop.
- Ford employees are free to use the space day or night, for **projects related to their work or personal projects**.
- Employees who create patentable projects related to the auto industry **receive a portion of revenues** generated from the patent.

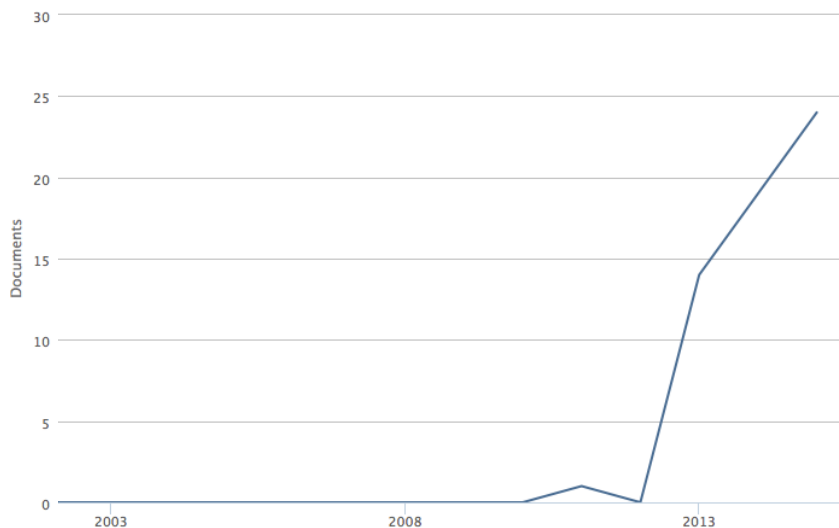
*“An **idea on paper is easy to kill**, but when you create a prototype of it and a supervisor can see it and experience it, it's harder to say no. Once someone starts **thinking creatively it's hard to turn that off**. People stop seeing problems and start **seeing opportunities**.”*

Bill Coughin, President & CEO at Ford Global Technologies

media.ford.com

## The scientific world focuses on education and learning sciences, so there is still a lot to research on the maker movement trend

### Search result for “maker movement”<sup>1</sup>



- The same trend applies to “maker space” and “fab lab”
- Scientific interest in the field is on the rise

1 from Scopus (22.01.2016), documents per year; 2 Morin (2013)

- O’Connell, Brian (in progress): *Makerspaces as interactive learning environments*, Dissertation, Tufts University
- Litts, Breanne K. (2015): *Making Learning – Makerspaces as learning environment*, Dissertation, University of Wisconsin
- Wilczynski, Vincent (2015): *Academic maker spaces and engineering design*, Paper, Yale University
- Forest et. al (2014): *The Invention Studio: A University Maker Space and Culture*, Journal Article
- Schön, Sandra; Ebner, Martin; Kumar, Swapna (2014): *The Maker Movement. Implications of new digital gadgets, fabrication tools and spaces for creative learning and teaching*, in: In-Depth, Journal Article
- Rosenfeld, Erica; Sheridan, Kimberly M. (2014): *The Maker Movement in Education*, in: Harvard Educational Review, Journal Article

“In effect, the maker movement has **only just begun**.”<sup>2</sup>

# The implications of maker spaces on the innovative capability of companies has not yet been scientifically investigated

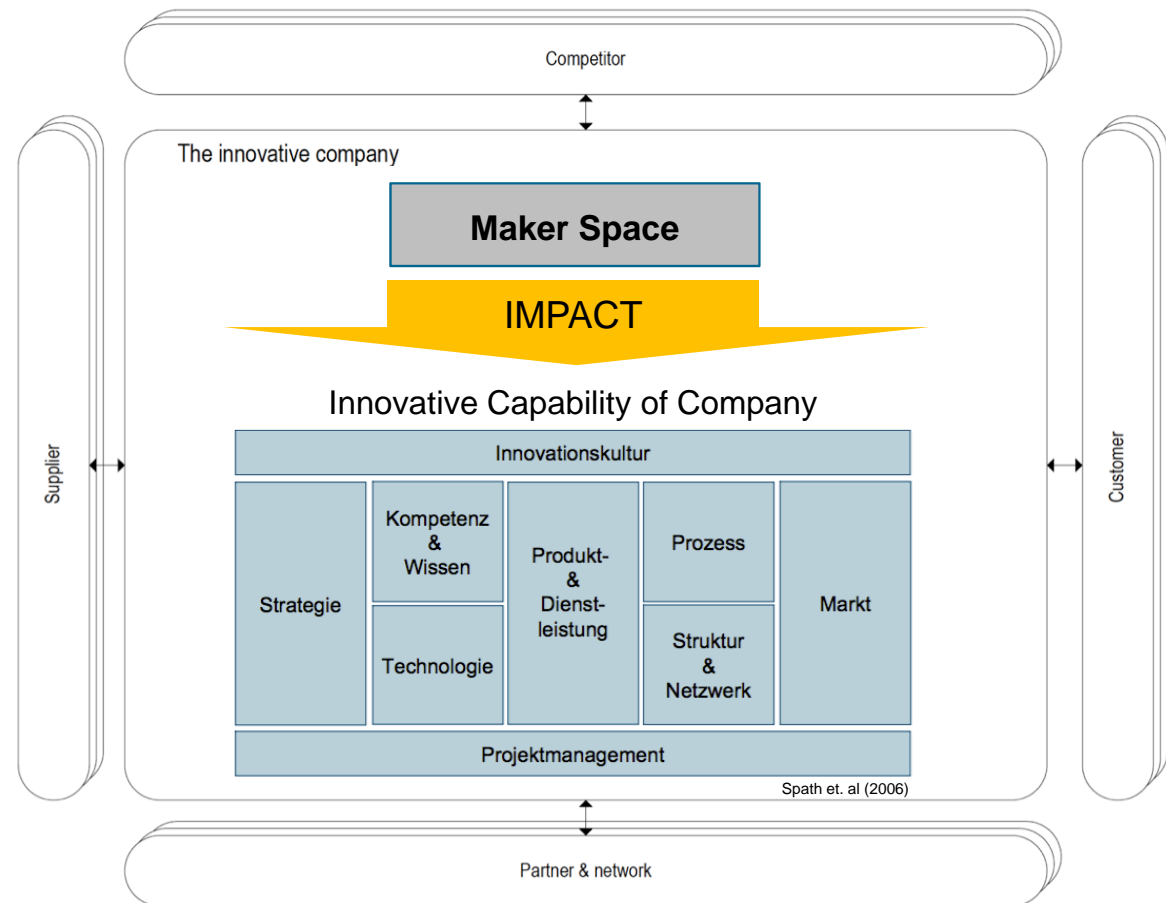
## Hypothesis

The implementation of a **maker space** within an established industrial company **leads to increased innovative capabilities** of the company

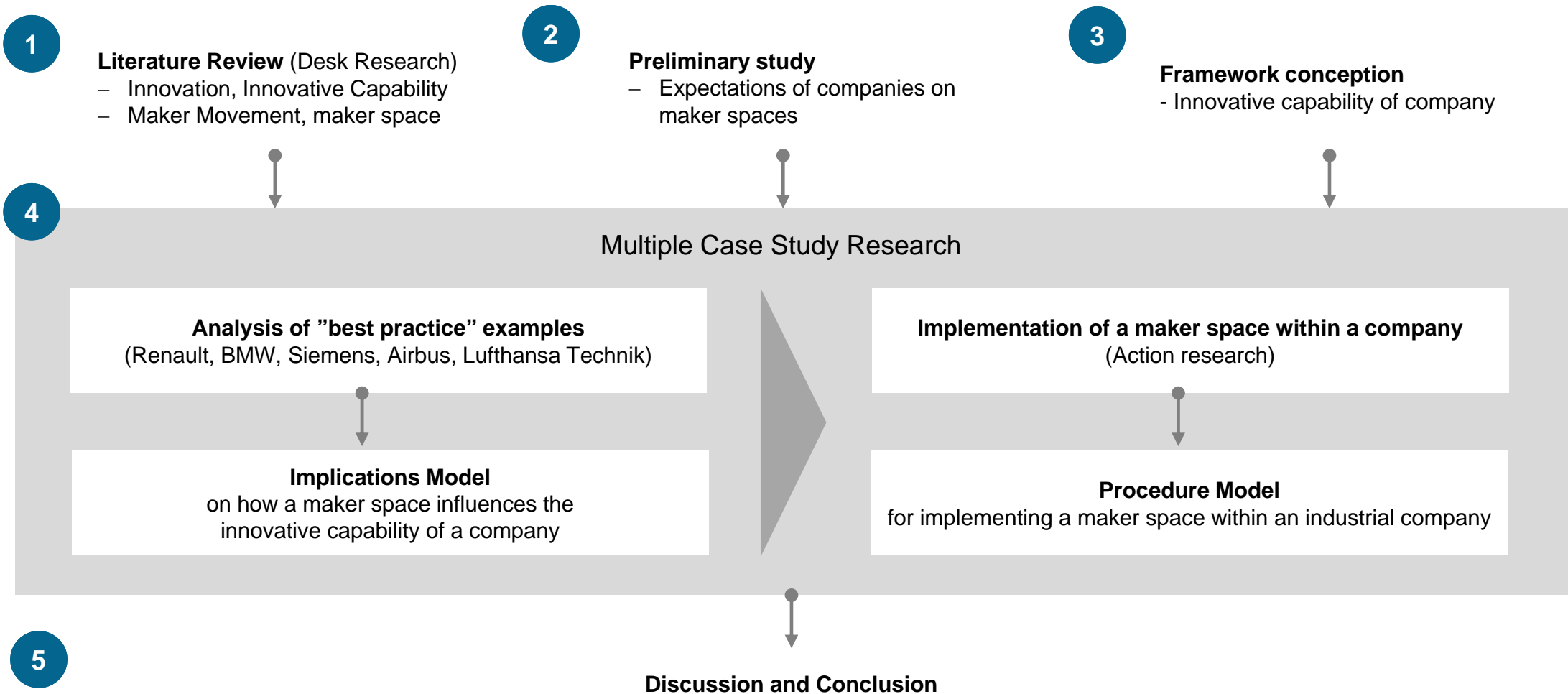
## Research Questions

### Implications and procedure model

- ① How does a maker space impact the innovative capability of companies?
- ② How can a procedure model look like to implement a maker space within a company?
- ③ How can successful implementation and sustainability be ensured?



## Research design is based on case study research methodology



## Summary and outlook

- ✓ Investigation on **innovative capability, maker movement** and **maker spaces**
- ✓ **Relevance** of the research field
- ✓ Formulation of **research questions** and selection and adaption of **scientific methodology**
- ✓ **Pilot study** on expectations of companies towards maker spaces
- ✓ First steps towards a **procedure model** for implementing a maker space within a corporate innovation system

### Next steps

- **Preparation** for case studies (data collection procedures, screening available documents, interview guidelines etc. )
- **Implementation** of a maker space within a company
- **Data analysis** (steps of analyses, techniques of analysis etc.)